U.S. Department of Agriculture Forest Service Resource Bulletin SO-47

Midsouth Veneer Industries, 1972

Daniel F. Bertelson

Southern Forest Experiment Station
Forest Service
U.S. Department of Agriculture
1974

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In 1972 the Midsouth States harvested 2.3 billion board feet (International ¼-inch rule) of veneer logs. Softwood output, mainly pine, rose to 2.1 billion feet, and hardwood dropped to 162 million board feet. The 101 veneer plants (fig. 1) in the region processed a total of 2.2 billion board feet.

Veneer manufacturing, once important to the South as a hardwood industry, has now become an important softwood industry. Through 1963 the Midsouth produced only hardwood veneer.

Today the region processes mostly pine. This change resulted from the introduction and expansion of southern pine plywood plants. The first such mill became operational in December 1963. Since then plywood production has grown into one of the major industries in the Midsouth, and the hardwood veneer industry has declined in both volume processed and number of plants.

This report is based on a 100-percent canvass of veneer mills in operation in 1972. The names and locations of these plants are given in tables

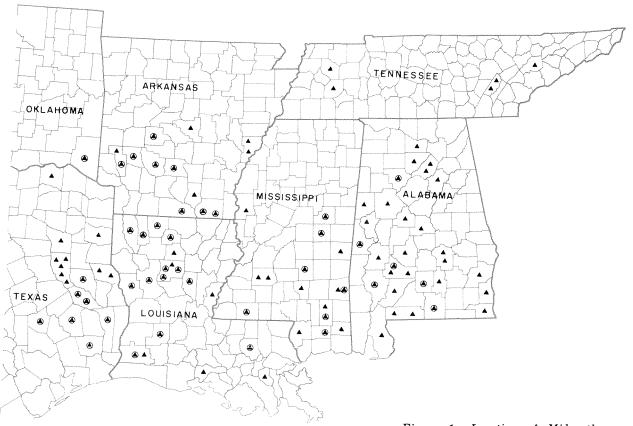


Figure 1.—Location of Midsouth veneer plants, 1972. Triangles indicate hardwood veneer plants; circled triangles indicate southern pine veneer plants.

6 through 12. To assess trends in the veneer industry, log production and receipts were compared with data from studies in 1963¹ and 1969².

Hardwood Veneer

Midsouth forests supplied 162 million board feet of hardwood veneer logs in 1972, some 25 percent less than in 1969. During the same period the number of hardwood veneer plants decreased by 27 percent; only 59 remain in operation.

Hardwood veneer plants are classified as container or standard plants. The 35 container plants, which manufacture veneer for boxes, baskets, and hampers, processed 50 percent of hardwood logs peeled in the Midsouth. These plants can use logs of smaller diameter and poorer quality than those processed by standard veneer plants. The number of container mills was reduced by nine in the last 3 years. Standard plants, once the major consumer of hardwood veneer logs, manufacture veneer for furniture, doors, and woodenware. The number of standard mills has dropped from 37 to 24 since 1969.

The species distribution of hardwood veneer logs harvested in the Midsouth changed markedly in the last decade (fig. 2). In 1963, soft-textured species such as sweetgum, tupelo, cottonwood, and yellow-poplar, made up 85 percent of the hardwood output. In 1972, they accounted for only 63 percent. The decline is due to shortages of timber in the size desired rather than a change in the species preference of manufac-

² Sternitzke, H. S. Midsouth veneer log production. USDA For. Serv. Resour. Bull. SO-25, 9 p. South. For. Exp. Stn., New Orleans, La. 1971

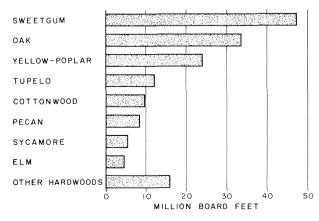


Figure 2.—Hardwood veneer log output by species, 1972.

turers. Oak accounted for more than half the volume from firm-textured species; pecan was second in volume. In the past few years these woods have had a wider acceptance by the furniture industry.

Alabama leads the Midsouth in the production of hardwood veneer logs (fig. 3) and in mill receipts. Mississippi is a distant second in both categories; Texas is third. Oklahoma, which has no hardwood veneer plant, increased its log output by 18 percent since 1969. In all other Midsouth States, hardwood veneer log harvests declined. Texas had the largest percentage reduction at 39 percent; Alabama fell the most in volume.

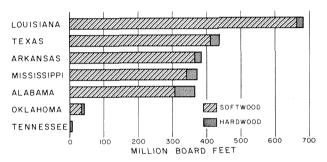


Figure 3.—Veneer log output by State, 1972.

In the past the Midsouth has been a net importer of hardwood logs for veneer manufacturing. But in 1972 the region exported over 12 million board feet to plants in nine States in the North and East and imported 6.5 million board feet from five States, Africa, and South America. These figures represent a slight increase in exports and a 73 percent decrease in imports since 1969. The largest decrease in imports was in foreign logs.

Softwood Veneer

In 1963 only 2 percent of the Midsouth's veneer log output was pine. By 1969 more than 80 percent was pine, and in 1972 pine accounted for 93 percent of the region's veneer harvest.

Some 2.1 billion board feet of pine veneer logs was produced in 1972. Production has increased 89 percent since 1969, and it is 525 times greater than the 1963 harvest of 4 million board feet. The Midsouth supplied virtually all the softwood veneer logs processed in the region; less than 0.5 million board feet was imported from Florida.

¹ Christopher, J. F., and Sternitzke, H. S. Midsouth veneer industry. USDA For. Serv. Resour. Bull. SO-5, 12 p. South. For. Exp. Stn., New Orleans, La. 1964.

The Midsouth States also exported almost 38 million board feet to Georgia and Florida.

Over 99 percent of the pine veneer logs produced in the Midsouth was made into certified softwood plywood meeting designated nationwide commercial standards. The rest was processed at hardwood veneer plants, mostly container mills, or used as inlays at standard mills.

The Nation's softwood plywood industry produced a record 18.3 billion square feet (3%-inch basis) of plywood in 1972. It is estimated that the Midsouth contributed more than one-fifth of the national output. Five of the top eight softwood plywood producing States were located in the Midsouth, and Louisiana passed California to become the third largest producer of plywood in the United States.

The 42 pine plywood plants in the Midsouth

processed an average of 49 million board feet each. The number of plants ranged from 13 in Louisiana to one in Oklahoma. Tennessee, which is dominated by hardwood forests, is the only Midsouth State without a pine plywood plant.

Veneer Residues

The veneer plants in the Midsouth generated 171 million cubic feet of wood residues in 1972. Coarse residues such as cores and cull pieces suitable for conversion into pulp chips accounted for 96 percent of the volume. Almost 81 percent was actually chipped and used by pulpmills, 3 percent was burned as industrial and domestic fuel, and 12 percent was used in miscellaneous products such as posts, studs, animal bedding, and soil mulch. The remaining 4 percent was waste.

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 ††T'TT†		 778,78	7.499f paroq	 208'299 pupsnou _{II} ,	 472,238	407,808 80 6, S	5,120,850	Softwood: Southern pine Cypress
Texas	əəssəuuəL	Oklahoma	iqqiasiasiM	Louisiana	Arkansas	smsds[A	IIA setat2	sətəədg

Table 1. Veneer log production by State and species, 1972

Table 2. Veneer log receipts by State and species, 1972

International 1/4-inch rule.

Table 3. Veneer log movement by State, 1972

State	Logged and used in State	Outgoing shipments	Incoming receipts	Total log receipts
		– – Thousand	board feet	1
Alabama Arkansas ² Louisiana Mississippi Tennessee Texas	322,281 410,878 548,849 345,039 4,015 368,256	45,002 15,723 132,358 27,641 4,575 62,637	23,372 68,733 62,397 48,909 2,255 39,034	345,653 479,611 611,246 393,948 6,270 407,290
Total	1,999,318	287,936	244,700	2,244,018

Table 4. Veneer log movement by species, 1972

Species	Logg	ed in Midsout	Midsouth	Net used in		
pheeren	Total	Retained	Exported	imports	Midsouth	
	Thousand board feet 1					
Softwood Sweetgum Oak Yellow-poplar Tupelo and blackgum Cottonwood Other hardwoods Mahogany	2,125,200 47,349 33,707 23,994 12,157 9,937 34,910	2,087,446 47,080 33,024 21,222 11,972 9,119 27,180	37,754 269 683 2,772 185 818 7,730	475 1,063 908 1,242 983 249 1,027	2,087,921 48,143 33,932 22,464 12,955 9,368 28,207 1,028	
All species	2,287,254	2,237,043	50,211	6,975	2,244,018	

I International 1/4-inch rule.

Table 5. Veneer plant residues not used, 1972

State	All types	Coarse1	Fine
	T	housand cubic fe	et
Alabama Arkansas ² Louisiana Mississippi Tennessee Texas	4,874 364 699 154 26 444	4,443 314 204 29 25 392	431 50 495 125 1 52
Total	6,561	5,407	1,154

¹ Coarse residues include cores and other material generally suitable for chipping.

I International 1/4-inch rule.
2 Arkansas and Oklahoma combined.

² Arkansas and Oklahoma combined.

Table 6. Alabama veneer plants

County	Type ¹	Firm	Location
Baldwin	0	Bacon-McMillan Manufacturing Co.	Stockton
Barbour	С	Alabama Georgia Veneer Co.	Eufaula
Bibb	0	Fox Lumber Co., Inc.	Centreville
Blount	C C	Marsh & Standridge Basket Factory Oneonta Basket Factory	Nectar Oneonta
Butler	P	Union Camp Corp.	Chapman
Chilton	С	Jemison Basket Co.	Jemison
Clarke	Р	Scotch Plywood Co.	Fulton
Covington	P	Dixon Plywood	Andalusia
Crenshaw	С	H.E. Browder Veneer Co.	Bradleyton
Cullman	С	E. Malchow & Sons	Cullman
Dallas	0	Howell Veneer Co.	Se1ma
Escambia	0 C	Harold Bros. Veneer Co., Inc. T.R. Miller Mill Co., Inc.	East Brewton Brewton
Greene	С	Sumter Veneer Co.	Eutaw
Henry	0	Dixie Veneer Co.	Abbeville
Houston	0	Howell Plywood Corp.	Dothan
Marengo	С	A.R. Taylor Veneer Co., Inc.	Demopolis
Monroe	С	Alabama Veneer & Panel Co.	Mexia
Montgomery	C C	Browder Veneer Works, Inc. Capital Veneer Works, Inc.	Montgomery Montgomery
Morgan	С	Decatur Box & Basket Co., Inc.	Decatur
Pickens	С	Aliceville Veneer, Inc.	Aliceville
St. Clair	С	Fairmont Basket Works, Inc.	Springville
Sumter	P	Sumter Plywood Corp.	Livingston
Tuscaloosa	0	Thompson $\boldsymbol{\xi}$ Swaim Veneer, Inc.	Tuscaloosa
Walker	P	Birmingham Forest Products, Inc.	Cordova
Wilcox	C P O	Browder Veneer Co., Inc. MacMillan Bloedel Products, Inc. Millers Bend Lumber Co.	Camden Pine Hill Pine Hill

O indicates plants producing chiefly container veneer.
O indicates plants producing chiefly commercial and other veneer.
P indicates plants producing chiefly southern pine plywood.

Table 7. Arkansas veneer plants

County	Type ¹	Firm	Location
Ashley	P P	Georgia Pacific Corp. #1 Georgia Pacific Corp., #2	Crossett Crossett
Bradley	0	Sykes & Wilson Flooring Co., Inc.	Warren
Clark	P	Arkla Chemical Corp.	Gurdon
Dallas	P	Georgia Pacific Corp.	Fordyce
Garland	P	Weyerhaeuser Co., Mt. Pine	Mt. Pine
Howard	C P	Nashville Crate Co. Weyerhaeuser Co., Dierks City	Nashville Dierks
Phillips	O O	Beisel Veneer Hoop Co. McKnight Plywood Inc.	West Helena West Helena
Pike	P	Umpire Timber Products, Inc. ²	Glenwood
Pulaski	С	Little Rock Crate & Basket Co.	Little Rock
Union	Р	Olinkraft, Inc. (Plywood Plant)	Huttig

C indicates plants producing chiefly container veneer.
O indicates plants producing chiefly commercial and other veneer.
P indicates plants producing chiefly southern pine plywood.

 $^{^{2}\,}$ Produces green pine veneer for plywood production.

Table 8. Louisiana veneer plants

Parish	Type 1	Firm	Location
Allen	Р	Vancouver Plywood Co., Inc.	Oakda1e
Bossier	P	Anthony Forest Products Co.	Plain Dealing
Calcasieu	P C	Boise Southern Co. General Box Co.	DeQuincy Lunita
Claiborne	P	Santiam Southern Co. ²	Haynesville
Concordia	С	American Box Co.	Clayton
Iberia	0	Freeman Veneer Co., Inc.	Jeanerette
Jackson	0	Louisiana Veneer Co.	Chatham
LaSalle	P	Louisiana Pacific Corp.	Urania
Lincoln	P	Santiam Southern Co.	Ruston
Livingston	P	U.S. Plywood	Ho1den
Natchitoches	P	Wilmar Plywood, Inc.	Natchitoches
Sabine	P	Vancouver Plywood Co., Inc.	Florien
St. Charles	0	Trans/Match, Inc.	Kenner
Webster	P	Woodard-Walker-Willamette, Inc.	Minden
Winn	P P P O	Louisiana Plywood Corp. Olinkraft, Inc. Tremont Lumber Co. Winnfield Veneer Co.	Dodson Winnfield Joyce Winnfield

¹ C indicates plants producing chiefly container veneer.
O indicates plants producing chiefly commercial and other veneer.
P indicates plants producing chiefly southern pine plywood.

² Produces green pine veneer for plywood production.

Table 9. Mississippi veneer plants

County	Type ¹	Firm	Location
Amite	Р	Georgia Pacific Corp.	Gloster
Copiah	C C	Central Box Co. Hazlehurst Box Co.	Crystal Springs Hazlehurst
Covington	0	Rhymes Veneer, Inc.	Collins
George	0	Lucedale Veneer Co.	Lucedale
Lauderdale	0	Meridian Plywood, Inc.	Meridian
Neshoba	P	Weyerhaeuser Co.	Philadelphia
Pearl River	С	St. Regis Paper Co., Wirebound Box Division	Picayune
Perry	P O	Delta Pine Plywood Perry County Plywood Corp.	Beaumont Beaumont
Smith	P	Georgia Pacific Corp.	Taylorsville
Stone	Р	International Paper CoWiggins Complex	Wiggins
Washington	С	Chicago Mill & Lumber Co.	Greenville
Wayne	O P	The Day Co. Scotch Plywood of Mississippi	Waynesboro Waynesboro
Winston	Р	Georgia Pacific Corp.	Louisville

Table 10. Oklahoma veneer plants

County	Type ¹	Firm	Location
McCurtain	Р	Weyerhaeuser Co.	Wright City

¹ P indicates plants producing chiefly southern pine plywood.

¹ C indicates plants producing chiefly container veneer.
0 indicates plants producing chiefly commercial and other veneer.
P indicates plants producing chiefly southern pine plywood.

Table 11. Tennessee veneer plants

County	Type ¹	Firm	Location
Gibson	С	Dyer Fruit Box Mfg. Co.	Dyer
Knox	0	Foreign & Domestic Veneers, Inc.	Knoxville
Madison	0	Ashby Veneer & Lumber Co.	Jackson
Rhea	C C	Gholdston Basket Factory Shipley Basket Mfg. Co.	Dayton Dayton

Table 12. Texas veneer plants

County	Type ¹	Firm	Location
Angelina	P P	Owens-Illinois, Inc. Temple Industries, Inc.	Lufkin Diboll
Cherokee	C C C C	Aber Box & Basket Factory Newton-Shank Mfg., Inc. Peacock Crate Factory, Inc. F. A. Shinalt & Sons Slover Crate & Lumber, Inc.	Jacksonville Jacksonville Jacksonville Turney Rusk
Hardin	P	Kirby Lumber Corp.	Silsbee
Harrison	С	Key Bros. Mfg. Co.	Marshall
Jasper	P	Owens-Illinois, Inc.	Jasper
Lamar	С	American Box Co.	Paris
Nacogdoches	P	International Paper Co.	Nacogdoches
Polk	P	Louisiana Pacific Corp.	Corrigan
She1by	0 0	E. L. Bruce Co. of Texas Center Plywood Co.	Center Center
Smith	С	B. C. Slover Crate Factory	Tyler
Walker	P	Louisiana Pacific Corp.	New Waverly

¹C indicates plants producing chiefly container veneer.
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1974. Midsouth veneer industries, 1972. South. For. Exp. Stn., New Orleans, La. 11 p. (USDA For. Serv. Resour. Bull. SO-47)

The Midsouth harvested 2.3 billion board feet of veneer logs in 1972. Pine logs accounted for 93 percent of the total. Of the 101 active veneer plants in the region, 42 manufactured southern pine plywood.

Additional keywords: Plywood, log harvest, log receipts.